

## BALDOR • RELIANCE

#### **Product Information Packet**

### CLARK TRANSMISSION CO.

## EM4314T

#### 60HP,1780RPM,3PH,60HZ,364T,1462M,TEFC,F1

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#### **BALDOR • RELIANCE®** Product Information Packet: EM4314T - 60HP,1780RPM,3PH,60HZ,364T,1462M,TEFC,F1

Part Detail										
Revision:	В	Status:	PRD/A	Char	nge #:		Proprie	etary:	No	
Туре:	AC	Prod. Type:	A36062M	Elec	. Spec:	A36WG0261	CD Dia	agram:		
Enclosure:	TEFC	Mfg Plant:		Mecl	h. Spec:		Layout:	:		
Frame:	364T	Mounting:	F1	Pole	s:	04	Created	d Date:	10-19-	2010
Base:		Rotation:	R	Insul	lation:	F	Eff. Dat	te:	08-16-	2011
Leads:	3#4,6#6	Literature:		Elec	. Diagram:		Replac	ed By:		
Nameplate NF	P2383L									
CAT.NO.	EM4314T		SPEC NO.		P36G342	5				
HP	60		AMPS		136/68	VOLTS	23	30/460	DESIGN	В
FRAME	364T		RPM		1780	HZ	60	)	AMB	40 <b>SF</b> 1.1
DRIVE END BE	EARING65BC03J30	X	PHASE		3	DUTY	CC	ONT	INSUL.CLA	SSF
OPP D.E. BEA	RING 65BC03J302	X	TYPE		Р	ENCL	TE	EFC	CODE	G
SER.NO.			POWER FACTOR		87	NEMA-NOM-EFFICIEI	NCY 95	5		
	SUIT FOR 2	08V @ 149 AMPS	MAX CORR KVAR	ł	10.0	GUARANTEED EFFIC		1.5		
			NEMA NOM/CSA	QUOTED E	FF	·	•			
			MOTOR WEIGHT							

Parts List		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
SA209400	SA P36G3425	1.000 EA
RA196661	RA P36G3425	1.000 EA
613-6PU	N/P (RELEASE QTY 10,000)	1.000 EA
000692000VD	N/P (REL QTY 4000)	1.000 EA
NP2383L	SUPER-E ,SS, CC, CSA-C US, CE, CSA EEV	1.000 EA
421948032	LABEL, MYLAR	1.000 EA
004824015A	GREASE POLYREX EM	0.544 LB
032018008AK	HHCS 1/4-20X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
032018012DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018024CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3 PLTD.	3.000 EA
032018012DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018024CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3 PLTD.	3.000 EA
034180012DA	KEY 1X4X1/4X1-1/2 L	1.000 EA
034530052AB	P/NIP 1/8X6-1/2 GALV.	1.000 EA
034600001AA	BUSH 1/4TO1/8 BLACK	1.000 EA
034690001AB	SQHDPLG,ODE COND	1.000 EA
035000001G	GITS GRS CUP,ODE	1.000 EA
078548001K	FAN KB 100/30 (70) 360	1.000 EA
078559001A	+FANCV - 360	1.000 EA
085922073B	BRKT 360 085922072WCC KB	1.000 EA
410700004F	WSHR	1.000 EA
415072001B	CLAMP	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
034600001AA	BUSH 1/4TO1/8 BLACK	1.000 EA

Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
034690001AB	SQHDPLG,ODE COND	1.000 EA
035000001G	GITS GRS CUP,ODE	1.000 EA
085922073A	BRKT 360 085922072WCC KB	1.000 EA
032018005AK	HHCS 1/4-20X5/8 PLATED	4.000 EA
032018008CK	HHCS 3/8-16X1L PLATED	4.000 EA
033512004LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1/2 PLTD.	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
043292000AJ	GASK 320-400	1.000 EA
077176000L	C/BOX, PAINTED 440	1.000 EA
077176001A	CBOXC, PAINTED 440	1.000 EA
402731001A	GASK 360-440	1.000 EA
406099000A	PLUG - FAN COVER 320-440	1.000 EA
415000003D	T/LUG 897-777 KPA25/G16	1.000 EA
418150003A	PLUG	1.000 EA
418150003A	PLUG	1.000 EA
MG1000Y03	WILKO 689.710 GOLD PAINT SUPER E	0.250 GA
LB1346	LABEL,SUPER-E GP(4X4)	1.000 EA
033775004EA	DRSCR #6-1/4 304 S.S.	2.000 EA
034180034HA	KEY 5/8X5/8X4-1/4 L	1.000 EA

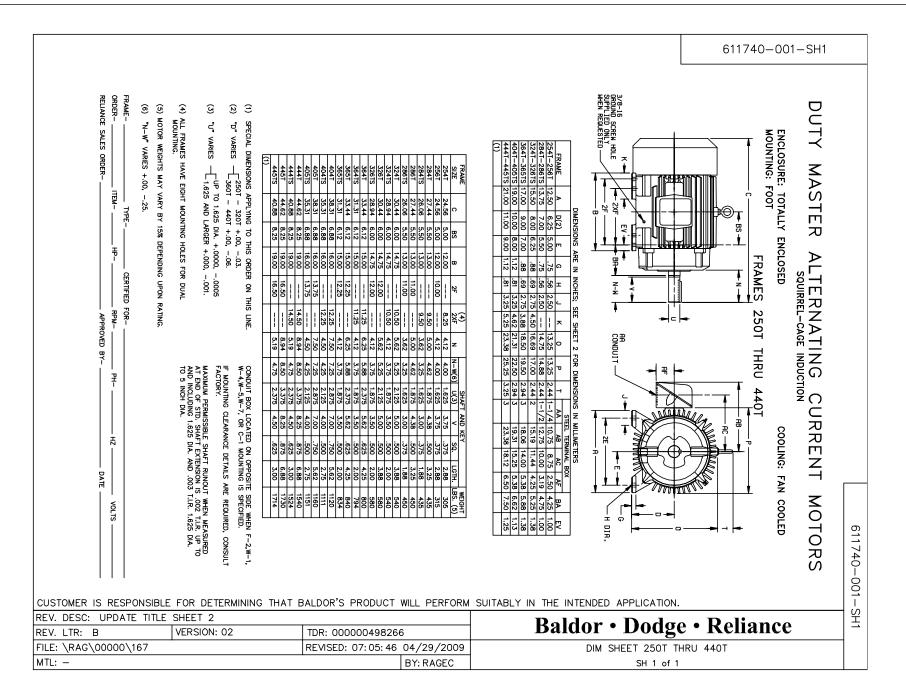
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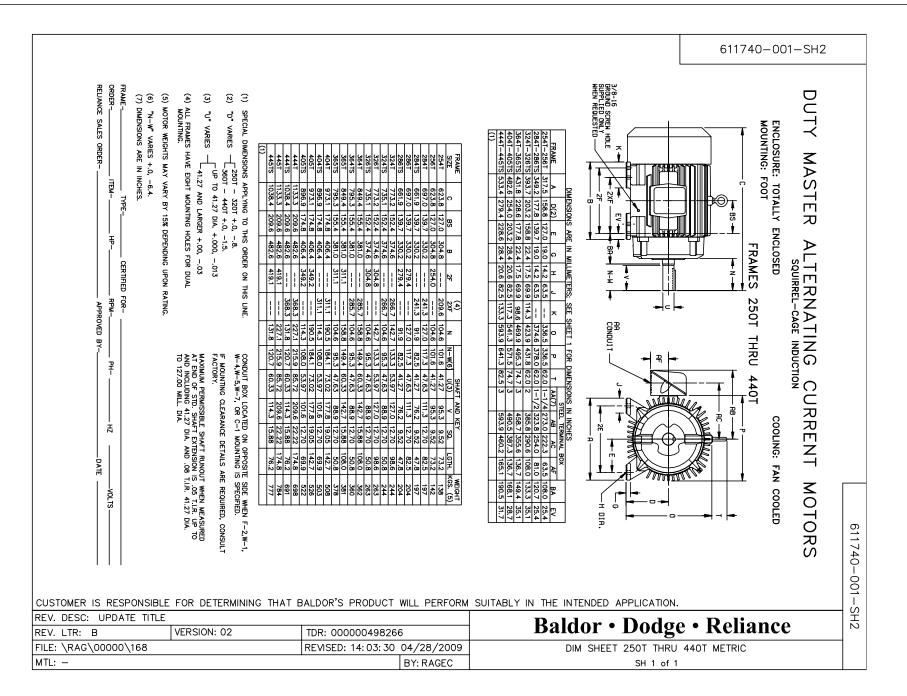
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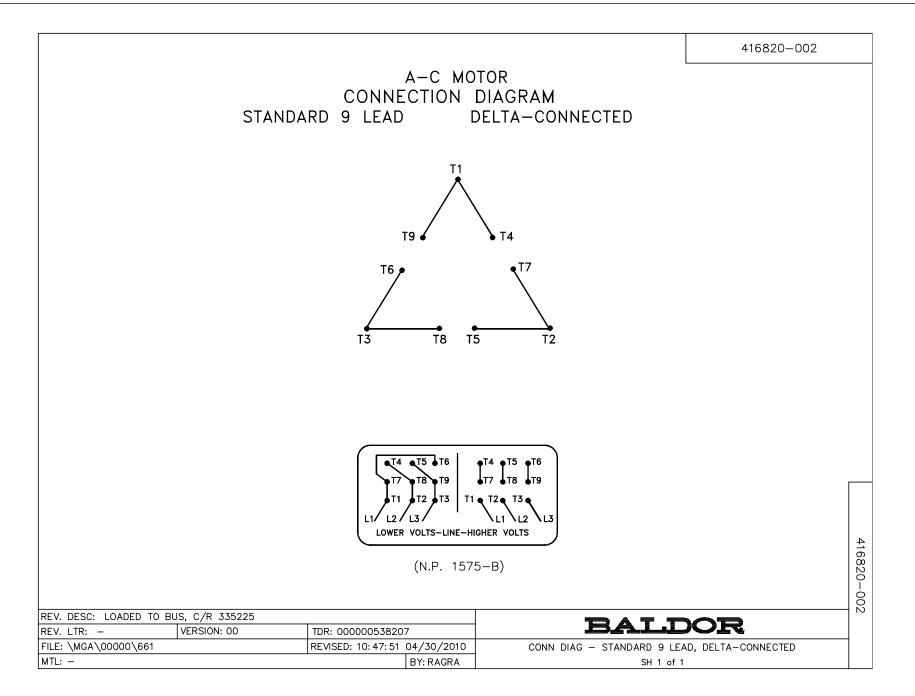
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ODP, WPI Enclosures TENV, TEAO, TEFC Enclosure Explosion Proof

Integral Horsepower AC Induction Motors

Installation & Operating Manual

3/09

BALDOR · RELIANCE

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#### BALDOR • RELIANCE Product Information Packet: EM4314T - 60HP,1780RPM,3PH,60HZ,364T,1462M,TEFC,F1

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Section 1	Section 1
General I	General Information
Overview	This manual contains general procedures that apply to Baldor Motor products. Be sure to read and understand the Safety Notice statements in this manual. For your protection, do not install, operate or attempt to perform maintenance procedures until you understand the <b>Warning and Caution</b> statements.

Important:	A Warning statement indicates a possible unsafe condition that can cause harm to personnel. A Caution statement indicates a condition that can cause damage to equipment. This instruction manual is not intended to include a comprehensive listing of all details for all procedures required for installation, operation and maintenance. This manual describes general guidelines that apply to most of the motor products shipped by Baldor. If you have a question about a procedure or are uncertain about any detail, Do Not Proceed. Please contact your Baldor
	<ul> <li>Before you install, operate or perform maintenance, become familiar with the following:</li> <li>NEMA Publication MG-2, Safety Standard for Construction and guide for Selection, Installation and Use of Electric Motors and Generators.</li> <li>IEC 34-1 Electrical and IEC72-1 Mechanical specifications</li> <li>ANSI C51.5, the National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes and practices.</li> </ul>
	Limited Warranty
	www.baldor.com/support/warranty_standard.asp
Safety Notice:	This equipment contains high voltage! Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt installation, operation and maintenance of electrical equipment.
	be sure that you are completely familiar with NEUMA publication MiG-2, safety standards for construction and guide for selection, installation and use of electric motors and generators, the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. Unsafe installation or use can cause conditions that lead to serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
WARNING:	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
WARNING:	Disconnect all electrical power from the motor windings and accessory devices before disassembly of the motor. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.
WARNING:	Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Do not apply AC power before you ensure that all grounding instructions have been followed. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. National Electrical Code and Local codes must be carefully followed.
WARNING:	Avoid extended exposure to machinery with high noise levels. Be sure to wear ear protective devices to reduce harmful effects to your hearing.
WARNING:	Surface temperatures of motor enclosures may reach temperatures which can cause discomfort or injury to personnel accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. When installing, protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.
WARNING:	This equipment may be connected to other machinery that has rotating parts or parts that are driven by this equipment. Improper use can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt to install operate or maintain this equipment.
WARNING:	Do not by-pass or disable protective devices or safety guards. Safety features are designed to prevent damage to personnel or equipment. These devices can only provide protection if they remain operative.
WARNING:	Avoid the use of automatic reset devices if the automatic restarting of equipment can be hazardous to personnel or equipment.
WARNING:	the load is properly coupled to the motor shaft before applying power. The shaft keen tuly captive by the load device. Improper coupling can cause harm to personnel or ent if the load decouples from the shaft during operation.
WADNING.	III Listed maters must only be convised by III Approved Authorized Boldov Service Contern if

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WARNING: WARNING:

UL Listed motors must only be serviced by UL Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.

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Thermostat contacts automatically reset when the motor has slightly cooled down. To prevent injury or damage, the control circuit should be designed so that automatic starting of the motor is not possible when the thermostat resets.

WARNING:	Pacemaker danger – Magnetic and electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of current carrying carrying conductors and permanent magnet motors can result result in a serious health hazard to persons with cardiac pacemakers, metal implants, and hearing aids. To avoid risk, stay way from the area surrounding a permanent magnet motor.
WARNING:	Before performing any motor maintenance procedure, be sure that the equipment connected to the motor shaft cannot cause shaft rotation. If the load can cause shaft rotation, disconnect the load from the motor shaft before maintenance is performed. Unexpected mechanical rotation of the motor parts can cause injury or motor damage.
WARNING:	Do not use non UL/CSA listed explosion proof motors in the presence of flammable or combustible vapors or dust. These motors are not designed for atmospheric conditions that require explosion proof operation.
WARNING:	Motors that are to be used in flammable and/or explosive atmospheres must display the UL label on the nameplate along with CSA listed logo. Specific service conditions for these motors are defined in NFPA 70 (NEC) Article 500.
WARNING:	Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.
Caution:	To prevent premature equipment failure or damage, only qualified maintenance personnel should perform maintenance.
Caution:	Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.
Caution:	Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
Caution:	If eye bolts are used for lifting a motor, be sure they are securely tightened. The lifting direction should not exceed a 20° angle from the shank of the eye bolt or lifting lug. Excessive lifting angles can cause damage.
Caution:	To prevent equipment damage, be sure that the electrical service is not capable of delivering more than the maximum motor rated amps listed on the rating plate.
Caution:	If a HI POT test (High Potential Insulation test) must be performed, follow the precautions and procedure in NEMA MG1 and MG2 standards to avoid equipment damage. If you have any questions or are uncertain about any statement or procedure, or if you require additional
	information please contact your Baldor distributor or an Authorized Baldor Service Center.
Receiving	<ul> <li>Each Baldor Electric Motor is thoroughly tested at the factory and carefully packaged for shipment. When you receive your motor, there are several things you should do immediately.</li> <li>1. Observe the condition of the shipping container and report any damage immediately to the commercial carrier that delivered your motor.</li> <li>2. Verify that the part number of the motor you received is the same as the part number listed on your purchase order.</li> </ul>
<u>Handling</u> Caution:	The motor should be lifted using the lifting lugs or eye bolts provided. Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
	<ol> <li>Use the lugs or eye bots provided to lift the motor. Never attempt to lift the motor and additional equipment connected to the motor by this method. The lugs or eye bolts provided are designed to lift only the motor. Never lift the motor by the motor shaft or the hood of a WPII motor.</li> <li>To avoid condensation inside the motor, do not unpack until the motor has reached room temperature. (Room temperature is the temperature of the room in which it will be installed). The packing provides insulation from temperature changes during transportation.</li> <li>When lifting a WPII (Weather Proof. These lugs are to be used for hood removal only.</li> </ol>

b Storage temperatures of 10°C (50°E) to 49°C (120°E) must be maintained	Ъ
brinelling. If shock or vibration exceeds this limit vibration isolation pads must be used.	
Shock or vibration must not exceed 2 mils maximum at 60 hertz, to prevent the bearings from	a
Store in a clean, dry, protected warehouse where control is maintained as follows:	ö
reinstalled to hold the shaft firmly in place against the bearing before the motor is moved.	ē
The shipping brace, if provided, must be removed and stored for future use. The brace must be	⊒
Some motors have a shipping brace attached to the shaft to prevent damage during transportation.	Ś

Preparation for Storage

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A wooden crate "shell" should be constructed to secure the motor during storage. This is similar to an export box but the sides & top must be secured to the wooden base with lag bolts (not nailed as export boxes are) to allow opening and reclosing many times without damage to the "shell".

Improper motor storage will result in seriously reduced reliability and failure. An electric motor that does not experience regular usage while being exposed to normally humid atmospheric conditions is likely to develop rust in the bearings or rust particles from surrounding surfaces may contaminate the bearings.

an excessive amount of moisture leading to the motor winding

Storage requirements for motors and generators that will not be placed in service for at least six months

lift motor only. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting.

If the motor must be mounted to a plate with the driven equipment such as pump, compressor etc., it may not be possible to lift the motor alone. For this case, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the mounting base. The entire assembly can be lifted as an assembly for installation.

Do not lift the assembly using the motor lugs or eye bolts provided. Lugs or eye bolts are designed to

slings

Minimum resistance of motor winding insulation is 5 Meg ohms or the calculated minimum, which ever is greater. Minimum resistance is calculated as follows:  $\mathbf{Rm} = \mathbf{kV} + \mathbf{1}$ 

where: (Rm is minimum resistance to ground in Meg-Ohms and kV is rated nameplate voltage defined as Kilo-Volts.)
 Example: For a 480VAC rated motor Rm = 1.48 meg-ohms (use 5 MΩ) For a 4160VAC rated motor Rm = 5.16 meg-ohms.

failure.

The electrical insulation may absorb

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- Storage temperatures of 10°C (50°F) to 49°C (120°F) r
- Relative humidity must not exceed 60%.
- مە Note: Remove motor from containers when heaters are energized, reprotect if necessary Motor space heaters (when present) are to be connected and energized whenever there is a possibility that the storage ambient conditions will reach the dew point. Space heaters are optional.
- storage. Measure and record the resistance of the winding insulation (dielectric withstand) every 30 days Q
- ġ f motor insulation resistance decreases below the minimum resistance, contact your Baldor
- District office.
- <u>o</u>
- 0 Place new desiccant inside the vapor bag and re-seal by taping it closed. If a zipper-closing type bag is used instead of the heat-sealed type bag, zip the bag closed instead of taping it. Be sure to place new desiccant inside bag after each monthly inspection
- <u>a</u> Place the shell over the motor and secure with lag bolts.
- 4 Where motors are mounted to machinery, the mounting must be such that the drains and breathers are fully operable and are at the lowest point of the motor. Vertical motors must be stored in the vertical position. Storage environment must be maintained as stated in step 2.

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Storage

from date of shipment.

4

Motor Shafts are to be rotated at least 15 revolutions manually every 3 months and additional grease added every nine months (see Section 3) to each bearing.

- N Remove all packing material.
- Measure and record the electrical resistance of the winding insulation resistance meter at the time of removal from storage. The insulation resistance must not be less than 50% from the initial reading recorded when the motor was placed into storage. A decrease in resistance indicates moisture in the windings and necessitates electrical or mechanical drying before the motor can be placed into service. If resistance is low, contact your Baldor District office.
- Regrease the bearings as instructed in Section 3 of this manual
- ω 4 bearing and prevent damage during movement. Reinstall the original shipping brace if motor is to be moved. This will hold the shaft firmly against the

1-4 General Information

**MN408** 

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Before storage, the following procedure must be performed.

Remove the grease drain plug, if supplied, (opposite the grease fitting) on the bottom of each bracket prior to lubricating the motor. The motor with regreasable bearing must be greased as instructed in Section 3 of this manual.

Non-regreasable motors with "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate should have the motor shaft rotated 15 times to redistribute the grease within the bearing every 3 months or more often.

All Other Motor Types

Non–Regreaseable Motors

as a mechanical protection against damage.

Carbon brushes should be lifted and held in place in the holders, above the commutator, by the brush holder fingers. The commutator should be wrapped with a suitable material such as cardboard paper

Coat all external machined surfaces with a rust preventing material. An acceptable product for this purpose is Exxon Rust Ban # 392.

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Φ. <u>a</u>

are the same as paragraph 5b.

distribute oil to bearing surfaces

"Provisions for oil mist lubrication" - These motors are packed with grease.

Storage procedures

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greased every 6 months in accordance with the manufactor science science of an accordance with the shipment. Sleeve bearing (oil lube) motors are drained of oil prior to shipment. The oil reservoirs must be refilled to the indicated level with the specified lubricant, (see

The shaft should be rotated monthly by hand at least 10 to 15 revolutions to

Ball and roller bearing (anti-friction) motor shafts are to be rotated manually every 3 months and greased every 6 months in accordance with the Maintenance section of this manual.

All breather drains are to be fully operable while in storage (drain plugs removed). The motors must be stored so that the drain is at the lowest point. All breathers and automatic "T" drains must be operable to allow breathing and draining at points other than through the bearings around the shaft. Vertical motors should be stored in a safe stable vertical position.

"Oil Mist Lubricated" – These bearings are protected for temporary storage by a corrosion inhibitor. If stored for greater than 3 months or outdoor storage is anticipated, connected to the oil mist system while in storage. If this is not possible, add the amount of grease indicated under "Standard Condition" in Section 3, then rotate the shaft 15 times by hand.

σ

Motors with anti-friction bearings are to be greased at the time of going into extended storage with periodic service as follows:

Not Lubricate" on the nameplate do not need to be

greased before

or during

peri a.

Motors marked "Do

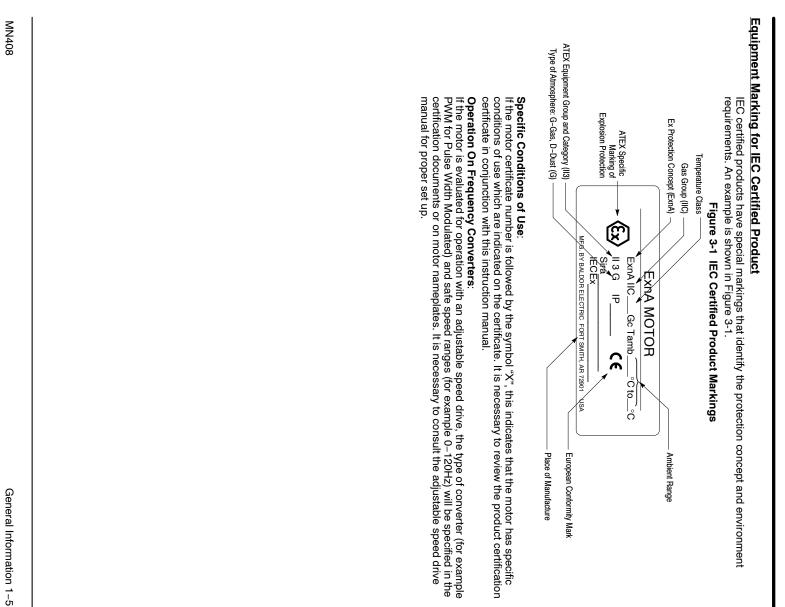
storage

Removal

I From <u>ი</u>

The motor shaft must be rotated a minimum of 15 times after greasing

Replace the grease drain plug after greasing.



BALDOR • RELIANCE Product Information Packet: EM4314T - 60HP,1780RPM,3PH,60HZ,364T,1462M,TEFC,F1

nstallation	Section 2
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Operatior	
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Overview	Installation should conform to the National Electrical Code as well as local codes and practices. When other devices are coupled to the motor shaft, be sure to install protective devices to prevent future accidents. Some protective devices include, coupling, belt guard, chain guard, shaft covers etc. These
	accidents. Some protective devices include, coupling, belt guard, chain guard, shaft covers etc. These protect against accidental contact with moving parts. Machinery that is accessible to personnel should provide further protection in the form of guard rails, screening, warning signs etc.
Location	It is important that motors be installed in locations that are compatible with motor enclosure and ambient conditions. Improper selection of the motor enclosure and ambient conditions can lead to reduced
	Proper ventilation for the motor must be provided. Obstructed airflow can lead to reduction of motor life.
	<ol> <li>Open Drip-Proof/WPI motors are intended for use indoors where atmosphere is relatively clean, dry, well ventilated and non-corrosive.</li> </ol>
	<ol><li>Totally Enclosed and WPII motors may be installed where dirt, moisture or dust are present and in outdoor locations.</li></ol>
	Severe Duty, IEEE 841 and Washdown Duty enclosed motors are designed for installations with high corrosion or excessive moisture conditions. These motors should not be placed into an environment
	where there is the presence of flammable or combustible vapors, dust or any combustible material, unless specifically designed for this type of service.
	Hazardous Locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of

combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers, or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code.

## Location

Mounting

The motor should be installed in a location compatible with the motor enclosure and specific ambient. To allow adequate air flow, the following clearances must be maintained between the motor and any obstruction:

TEFC / TENV (IC0141) Enclosures	es
Fan Cover Air Intake	180 - 210T Frame 1" ( 25mm)
Fan Cover Air Intake	250 - 449T Frame 4" ( 100mm)
	IEC 112 – 132 1" (25mm)
	IEC 160 - 280 4" ( 100mm)
Exhaust	Envelope equal to the P Dimension on the motor dimension sheet
<b>OPEN/Protected Enclosures</b>	
Bracket Intake	Same as TEFC
Frame Exhaust	Exhaust out the sides envelope
	A minimum of the P dimension plus 2" (50mm)

Table
2-1
Enclosur
sure C
learance
e

The motor must be securely installed to a rigid foundation or mounting surface to minimize vibration and maintain alignment between the motor and shaft load. Failure to provide a proper mounting surface may cause vibration, misalignment and bearing damage.

Exhaust out the end same as intake

Foundation caps and sole plates are designed to act as spacers for the equipment they support. If these devices are used, be sure that they are evenly supported by the foundation or mounting surface.

When installation is complete and accurate alignment of the motor and load is accomplished, the base should be grouted to the foundation to maintain this alignment. The standard motor base is designed for horizontal or vertical mounting. Adjustable or sliding rails are designed for horizontal mounting only. Consult your Baldor distributor or authorized Baldor Service Center for further information

MN408

254, 284, 324, 364, 404, 444 (NEMA)	254, 284, 324, 364, 404, 444 (NEMA)			frames. Not present on 6 hole frames. Not used on 8 hole frames.	frames. mes.
				Shaft	
For long frame des 256, 286, 326, 365 (IEC) 112M, 132M 250M, 280M	For long frame designations 184, 215, 256, 286, 326, 365, 405, 445 (NEMA) (IEC) 112M, 132M, 160L, 200L, 225M, 250M, 280M		0	<ul> <li>Always use these holes, closer to the shaft 112S, 132S, 160M, 180M, 200M, 225S, 250S, 280S, (IEC)</li> </ul>	s, closer to the M, 180M, 0S, (IEC)
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its is adequate for lifting only driven equipment) from the In the case of assemblies on used to lift the assembly and by other lifting means provide lifting means. Likewise, prece- acceleration or shock forces	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base or by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces	<ul> <li>the motor lifting har</li> <li>connect the load (gee</li> <li>fore lifting the motor</li> <li>any lifting means pro</li> <li>the assembly should</li> <li>the assembly should</li> <li>Assure lifting in the dire</li> <li>taken to prevent hazi</li> </ul>	dware. The motor irs, pumps, compre vided on the motor s be lifted by a sling a be lifted by a sling a rdous overloads du	lifting hardware ssors, or other should not be round the base ou design of the design of the le to deceleration,
Alignment	Accurate alignme or gear used in the recommended to unit on the motor	Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, spi Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, spi or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly d unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings. 1. <b>Direct Coupling</b>	en equipment is extren 1 the shaft as close to 9 gear before installing 1gs.		The pulley, sprocket, der as possible. It is naft. Forcibly driving a
	<ol> <li>Direct Coupling         For direct drive, use fle             more information. Mech             Use dial indicators to co             recommended by the co             recommended by the co             2. End-Play Adjustment             The axial position of the             motor bearings are not      </li> </ol>	Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained as recommended by the coupling manufacturer. End-Play Adjustment The axial position of the motor frame with respect to its load is also extremely important. The standard motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjustment will	nossible. Consult the d no roughness during o ne space between cou rrespect to its load is a respect to its load is a respect to atlant th	rive or equipment m peration may indicat pling hubs should be also extremely impor	anufacturer for e poor alignment maintained as tant. The standar
Caution:	cause failure. 3. Pulley Ratio The best practice is to n Do not over tension belts.	cause failure. <b>Pulley Ratio</b> The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio. <b>not over tension belts. Excess tension may dam</b> a	ot exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.	tor or driven equip	ment.
	4. Belt Drive Align sheave	<b>Belt Drive</b> Align sheaves carefully to minimize belt wear and axial bearing loads (see End-Play Adjustment). Belt tension should be sufficient to prevent belt slippage at rated speed and load. However, belt slippage may occur during starting.	vear and axial bearing It slippage at rated spe	loads (see End-Play 9ed and load. Howev	<sup>,</sup> Adjustment). Bel /er, belt slippage

		at least 4 mm <sup>2</sup> .	
cross-sectional area	uipotential bonding connection shall made using a conductor with a cross-sectional area	Equipotential bonding connection	
	0,5 S	S>35	
	16	<b>16</b> < <i>S</i> ≤ 35	
	S	S< 16	
	mm <sup>2</sup>	mm <sup>2</sup>	

**Doweling & Bolting** After proper alignment is verified, dowel pins should be inserted through the motor feet into the foundation. This will maintain the correct motor position should motor removal be required. (Baldor•Reliance motors are designed for doweling.)

- <u>- α</u> ω μ Drill dowel holes in diagonally opposite motor feet in the locations provided
  - Drill corresponding holes in the foundation.
  - Ream all holes
  - Install proper fitting dowels
- Mounting bolts must be carefully tightened to prevent changes in alignment. Use a flat washer and lock washer under each nut or bolt head to hold the motor feet secure Flanged nuts or bolts may be used as an alternative to washers.

WARNING: Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.

Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions. This is particularly important where the parts have surface irregularities such as keys, key

Guarding

- ways or set screws. Some satisfactory methods of guarding are:
- <u>.</u> equipment. Covering the machine and associated rotating parts with structural or decorative parts of the driven
- Ņ Providing covers for the rotating parts. Covers should be sufficiently rigid to maintain adequate guarding during normal service.

**Power Connection** Motor and control wiring, overload protection, disconnects, accessories and grounding should conform to the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices.

heat shrink tubing. be fully insulated. Flying leads must be insulated with two full wraps of electrical grade insulating tape or For ExnA hazardous location motors, it is a specific condition of use that all terminations in a conduit box

Grounding In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the installer should make certain that there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between the ground

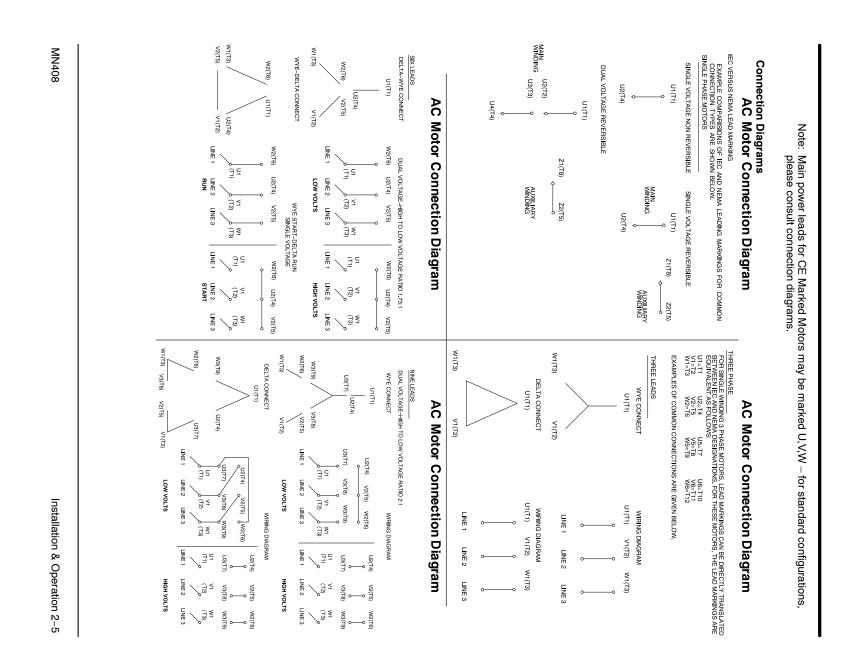
member. Some motors are supplied with the bonding conductor on the concealed side of the cushion ring to protect the bond from damage. Motors with bonded cushion rings should usually be grounded at the time of installation in accordance with the above recommendations for making ground connections. When Motors with resilient cushion rings usually must be provided with a bonding conductor across the resilient

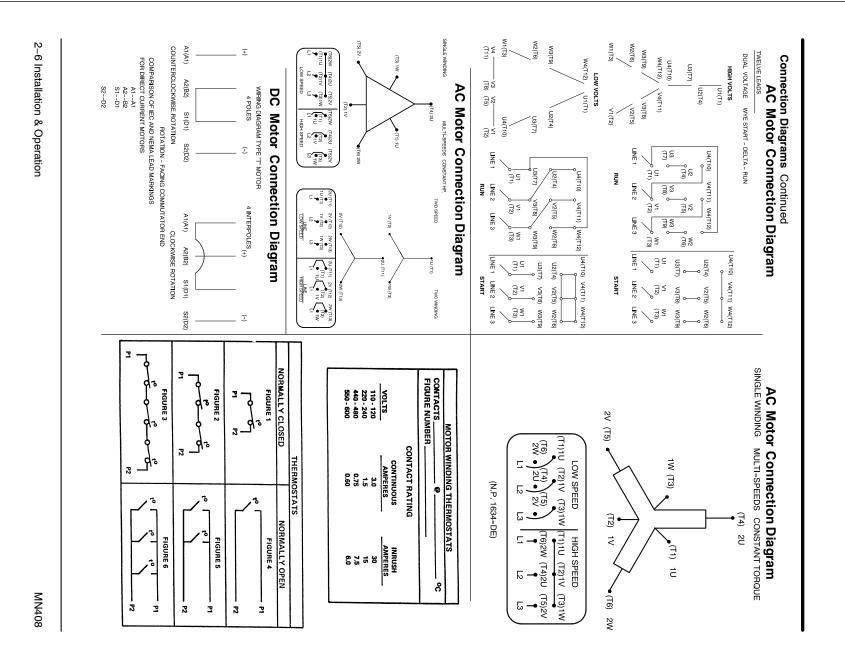
motors with bonded cushion rings are used in multimotor installations employing group fusing or group protection, the bonding of the cushion ring should be checked to determine that it is adequate for the

rating of the branch circuit over current protective device being used.

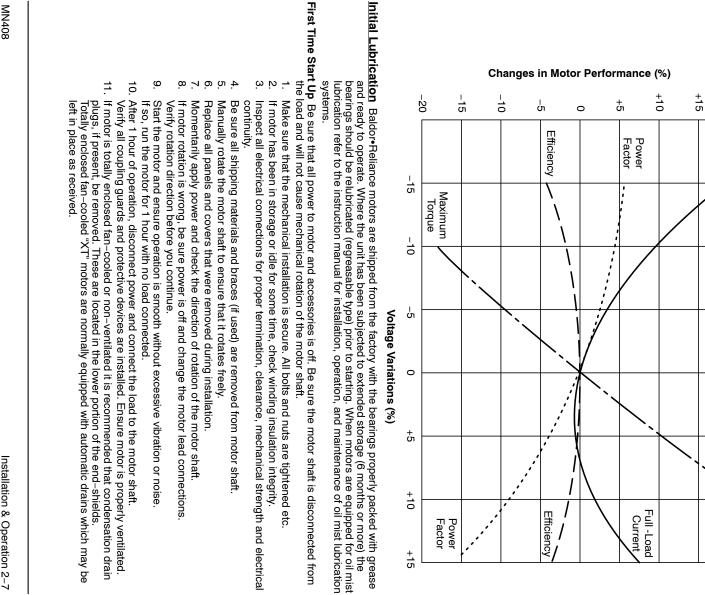
There are applications where grounding the exterior parts of a motor or generator may result in greater hazard by increasing the possibility of a person in the area simultaneously contacting ground and some other nearby live electrical parts of other ungrounded electrical equipment. In portable equipment it is difficult to be sure that a positive ground connection is maintained as the equipment is moved, and providing a grounding conductor may lead to a false sense of security. Select a motor starter and over current protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or other applicable local codes.

For motors installed in compliance with IEC requirements, the following minimum cross sectional area of the protective conductors should be used: Cross-sectional area of phase conductors. S Minimum cross-sectional area of the corresponding protective conductor, Sn





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Figure 2-4 Typical Motor Performance VS Voltage Variations

Maximum

Torque

Full -Load Current

An application note regarding equipment applied in accordance with the US National Electric Code (NFPA 70–2008) – according to Article 500.8(C) Marking, sub clause (2) in the fine print note, it is noted that Equipment not marked to indicate a division is suitable for both Division 1 and Division 2 locations. These motors are not gas tight. To the contrary, this protection concept assumes that due to the normal heating and cooling cycle of motor operation that any gas present will be drawn into the motor. Since flameproof for this protection concept, only external surface temperatures are of concern. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions.	<b>(EPL) Gb, Mb ]</b> Baldor offers a range of motors suitable for installation in a Division 1 or Zone 1 environment. These motors are known as explosion proof or flameproof. (Insert flameproof motor cut away drawing) Motors that are explosion proof or flameproof use specially machined flameproof joints between the end bell or bracket and the frame, as well as along the rotating shaft and at connection box covers and entries. The fit of these flameproof joints are designed to contain the combustion or quench the flame of an explosive gas atmosphere prior to it exiting the motor. These flameproof joints have lengths and widths selected and tested based on the gas group present in the atmosphere. Baldor Plance motors are typically designed to meet Class I (Division 1) Group C and D (explosion proof) or Ex d IIB (flameproof).	Protection Concepts Class I Division 1 / Zone 1 [Equipment Group I (mining) or II (surface), Equipment Protection Level	Areas are classified with respect to risk and exposure to the hazard. In the US market, areas are typically classified as follows Class, Division, Group and Temperature Class. In some newer instrainstend in the US and in most international markets, areas are classified in Zones.	Selection Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code. In international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in IEC60079–14, or for dust in IEC61241–14. This classification process lets the installer know what equipment is suitable for installation in that environment, and identifies what the maximum safe temperature or temperature class is required. It is the customer or users responsibility to determine the area classification and select proper equipment.	<u>Hazardous Locations</u> Hazardous locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers or flyings.	<b>Heating</b> - Duty rating and maximum ambient temperature are stated on the motor name plate. Do not exceed these values. If there is any question regarding safe operation, contact your local Baldor distributor or Baldor Service Center.	Jogging and Repeated Starts Repeated starts and/or jogs of induction motors generally reduce the life of the motor winding insulation. A much greater amount of heat is produced by each acceleration or jog than by the same motor under full load. If it is necessary to repeatedly start or jog the motor, it is advisable to check the application with your local Baldor distributor or Baldor Service Center.	4. Further approximately 1 hour with the driven equipment in an unloaded condition. The equipment can now be loaded and operated within specified limits. Do not exceed the name plate ratings for amperes for steady continuous loads.		Coupled Start Up This procedure assumes a coupled start up. Also, that the first time start up procedure was successful
th the US National Electric Code (NFPA in the fine print note, it is noted that vision 1 and Division 2 locations. These assumes that due to the normal heating frawn into the motor. Since flameproof and extinguish any flame transmission, of concern. Thermal limiting devices se motors to limit the external surface	n 1 or Zone 1 environment. These proof motor cut away drawing) ned flameproof joints between the end nd at connection box covers and the combustion or quench the flame of flameproof joints have lengths and atmosphere. Baldor-Reliance motors (explosion proof) or Ex d IIB	surface), Equipment Protection Level	d. In the US market, areas are ure Class. In some newer installations 1 Zones.	typically classified in accordance with e National Electric Code. In mist classification is given in cess lets the installer know what tifies what the maximum safe r users responsibility to determine the	xplosion due to the presence of	ed on the motor name plate. e operation, contact your local Baldor	nerally reduce the life of the motor each acceleration or jog than by the jog the motor, it is advisable to check Center.	unloaded condition. imits. Do not exceed the name plate	devices are installed. and verify that the load is not coupling or the foundation. Vibration	time start up procedure was successful.

-ailure to

If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are properly connected to a suitable switching device. The ATEX directive requires that motor shutdown on thermal trip be accomplished without an intermediate software command. Flameproof motors, internationally referred to as Ex d use a protection concept similar to that used in Class I Division 1 motors, with minor differences in the flameproof joints and cable entry designs. Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to reference gas and ignited in laboratory conditions to verify that the flame is not transmitted outside the motor enclosure and to determine the maximum internal pressure encountered in the flameproof joints and cable entry designs. type tested. Representative motors are connected to a

Explosion proof and Flame proof motors shipped without a conduit box require use of a certified box of suitable dimensions and that is appropriate for the classification.

**Class I Division 2 / Zone 2 Ex nA, [Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gc ]** This protection concept relies on having no sources of ignition present such as arcing parts or hot surfaces. For this protection concept, internal temperatures as well as external temperatures are considered. In many cases, the internal temperatures are higher than the external temperatures and therefore become the limiting factor in determination of temperature code designation. In these

 applications of the very important to use a motor that has been evaluated thermally for use with an inverter or converter, if variable speed operation is desired. Thermostats used for Class I Division 2 and Ex nA motors are used to protect the motor only. For motors using flying lead construction, it is important to use connection lugs and insulate with heat shrink tubing or a double wrap of insulation grade electrical tape to avoid the risk of spark or ignition.
 **Class II Division 1 / Zone 21 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Db ]** This area classification is one where the risk of ignitable concentrations of dust is present at all or some of the time. The protection paths designed for the rotating shaft. In the international designations, this concept is referred to as dust ignition proof or Ex tD. External surface temperature remains the limiting factor. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions. If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are provided properted to a suitable evidence. properly connected to a suitable switching device. Note: In the North American area classification sy

In the North American area classification system, Class III exists for fibers and flyings In the IEC designation, both dusts and flyings are absorbed into Group III.

Class II Division 2 / Zone 22 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Dc ] This area classification is one where the risk of exposure to ignitable concentrations of dust are not likely to occur under normal operating conditions and relies heavily on the housekeeping practices within the

installation.

# Sine Wave Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous

**Location.** These motors are designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T–Code) stated on the nameplate. Failure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded. If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 environment, this excessive temperature may cause ignition of hazardous materials. Operating the motor at any of the following conditions can cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded.

- Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value
- Ambient temperatures above nameplate value
- Voltages above or below nameplate value
- <u>, ci ci 4 ci 0 7 8 6</u> Unbalanced voltages

  - oss of proper ventilation
  - Altitude above 3300 feet / 1000 meters
  - Severe duty cycles of repeated starts
- Motor stall
- Motor reversing
- 5 Single phase operation of polyphase equipment
- <u></u> Variable frequency operation

# Variable Frequency Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location (motors with maximum surface temperature listed on the nameplate). Only motors with nameplates marked for use on inverter (variable frequency) power, and labeled for

specific hazardous areas may be used in those hazardous areas on inverter power. designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T-Code) sta operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to T-Code) stated on the nameplate. The motor is be exceeded

For Du seal. s <b>Repai</b> For Di metho electri thermo	Explos flamep joints l Baldor metho electri	Repai Conta R <b>epai</b> In the Canac certific after c reclar	Equip Larger avoid 1 Bearin motors defeat require the co togeth Repair of Motors us	Therm Therm Therm the int switch Zone 2 ignition therms interns	5 여 여 가 여 여 수 5 여 여 가 여 여 수	It appl may cause 1. Mr 2. Ar 3. Vc
For Dust Ignition Proof, proper sealing is required. Do not modify the motor construction to add any additional opening, and ensure that proper sealing is maintained in the connection box and at the shaft seal. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present <b>Repair of Class I Division 2 and Zone 2 motors</b> For Division 2 and Zone 2, the internal and external temperatures are of concern. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any revinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present. Use only Baldor replacement thermostats, if provided.	<u>http://www.iecex.com/service_facilities.htm</u> Explosion proof and flameproof motors achieve their safety based on the mechanical construction – If ameproof joints and bearing clearance, and the electrical design including any thermal limiting devices. If it is necessary to repair a flameproof or explosion proof motor, it is critical that the mechanical flameproof joints be maintained. Consult Baldor Electric Company for flameproof joint construction details. Use only Baldor•Reliance supplied parts. Baldor does not recommend reclamation of parts. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present.	Repair of hazardous certified motors requires additional information, skill, and care. It is the customer's responsibility to select service shops with proper qualifications to repair hazardous location motors. Contact the manufacture for additional repair details. Use only original manufacturer's parts. <b>Repair of Explosion Proof or Flame Proof Motors Class I Division 1 and Zone 1</b> In the North American market, recertification programs are offered by Underwriters Laboratories and Canadian Standards Association which allow authorized service shops to mark the rebuilt motors as certified. In the international markets using IEC based requirements, repair should be undertaken only after consulting IEC60079–19 Explosive Atmospheres–Part 19 Equipment repair, overhaul and reclamation. If use of a certified repair facility is desired, consult the IECEX Repair Scheme at	Equipotential Bonding and Shaft Current Reduction Larger motors (ie WP construction) may require proper bonding between motor enclosures and covers to avoid the risk of stray currents during start up. Fastening methods and bonding straps must not be modified. Bearing currents can exist in some motors for both line-fed and inverter-fed applications. Larger line-fed motors may require at least one insulated bearing to prevent a flow of current through the bearings. Do not defeat such insulation whether the motor is line-fed or inverter-fed applications. Inverter-fed motors may require additional bearing insulation or even a shaft brush. Do not defeat such features. When the motor and the coupled load are not on a common conductive baseplate, it may also be necessary to electrically bond together the stationary parts of the motor and the coupled equipment. Repair of Motors used in Hazardous Locations	Thermal Limiting devices are temperature sensing control components installed inside the motor to limit Thermal limiting devices are temperature sensing control components installed inside the motor to limit the internal temperature of the motor frame by interrupting the circuit of the holding coil of the magnetic switch or contactor. They are required for most Division 1 and Zone 1 applications. For Division 2 or Zone 2 applications, motors should be selected that preclude running temperatures from exceeding the ignition temperatures for the designated hazardous material. In Division 2 or Zone 2 classified locations thermal limiting devices should only be used for winding protection and not considered for limiting all internal motor temperatures to specific ignition temperatures.	Unbalanced voltages Loss of proper ventilation Operation outside of the nameplate speed / frequency range Altitudes above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Single phase operation of polyphase equipment Unstable current wave forms	ardous materials. e temperature to b g service factor nar above nameplate ating frequency) a
d. Do not motify the motor construct ng is maintained in the connection bo temperature being maintained, make cluding any thermal protection that m <b>rs</b> rnal temperatures are of concern. Sin rnal temperatures are of concern. Sin rnal temperatures are of concern be not that may be present. Use only Ba	<u>arvice_facilities.htm</u> their safety based on the mechanical electrical design including any therm in proof motor, it is critical that the me mpany for flameproof joint construction recommend reclamation of parts. Sin ined, make sure that any rewinding u on that may be present.	Iditional information, skill, and care. It r qualifications to repair hazardous lo tails. Use only original manufacturer's t <b>tors Class I Division 1 and Zone 1</b> grams are offered by Underwriters La thorized service shops to mark the re cased requirements, repair should be based requirements, repair should be bheres-Part 19 Equipment repair, ove desired, consult the IECEX Repair Sc	duction proper bonding between motor encless stening methods and bonding straps oth line-fed and inverter-fed applications g to prevent a flow of current through rfed or inverter-fed applications. Inver- aft brush. Do not defeat such features, aft brush. Do not defeat such fe	prency g control components installed inside therrupting the circuit of the holding or Division 1 and Zone 1 applications. That preclude running temperatures fi that preclude running temperatures for us material. In Division 2 or Zone 2 winding protection and not considere emperatures.	frequency range nent	Ind Zone 21 or 22 environment, this excessive temperature Operating the motor at any of the following conditions can e exceeded. meplate value value bove or below rated nameplate value
tion to add any ox and at the shaft ie sure that any nay be present nce this protection uses the original aldor replacement	Il construction - mal limiting devices. echanical flameproof ion details. Use only ince this protection uses the original	It is the customer's ocation motors. 's parts. aboratories and ebuilt motors as e undertaken only erhaul and cheme at	slosures and covers t in must not be modifier ations. Larger line-fe h the bearings. Do no rerter-fed motors ma s. When the motor an ary to electrically bon	e the motor to limit xxil of the magnetic For Division 2 or from exceeding the 2 classified locations 2 for limiting all		ving conditions can

Roller Bea		Ball Bearing Motors	Type of Gr	Relubrication & Bearings ability of a at which th if the follow			WARNING:	General Inspe	WARNING:
Minimum Starting Temperature -60°C (-76°F) SHELL OIL CO. AEROSHELL 7 ( MOBIL MOBIL 28 MOBIL MOBIL 28 MOBIL MOBIL 17H SHC 10 Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C TEXACO, INC. PREMIUM RB MOBIL CHEVRON OIL BLACK PEARL	Operating Temperature - EXXON EXXON EXXON CHEVRON OIL TEXACO, INC. TEXACO, INC. TEXACO, INC. AMOCO PENNZOIL DARMEX DARMEX PETRO-CANADA SHELL OIL	ng Motors	ease A high grade ball service conditions is P checked and verified.	& Bearings Bearing ability of a grease (over at which the bearing o if the following recomr	<ol> <li>Perform a dielectric v has been maintained insulation resistance</li> <li>Check all electrical c</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check that the mc grease, water, etc ventilation. If the i failure.</li> </ol>	Do not touch electric Electrical shock can installation, operatio	<b>Centers if these mot</b> <b>action</b> Inspect the motor months, whichever oc steps should be perfor	UL and EX Listed mo
Minimum Starting Temperature -60°C (-76°F)         SHELL OIL CO.       AEROSHELL 7 (Standard on Baldor motors)         MOBIL       MOBIL 28         MOBIL       MOBIL 17 (Standard on Baldor motors)         MOBIL       MOBILITH SHC 100 (Low Temperature - Arctic Duty)         Presenting Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F)         TEXACO, INC.       PREMIUM RB         MOBIL       MOBILITH SHC 220 (Standard on Baldor motors)         MOBIL       BLACK PEARL	Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F)       EXXON     POLYREX EM (Standard on Baldor motors)       EXXON     BEACON 325       CHEVRON OIL     BEACON 325       CHEVRON OIL     BLACK PEARL       TEXACO, INC.     PREMIUM RB       PENNZOIL     POLYSTAR       AMOCO     POLYSTAR       AMOCO     POLYSTAR       AMOCO     POLYSTAR       AMOCO     POLYSTAR       AMOCO     POLYSTAR       AMMEX     DARMEX 707       DARMEX     DARMEX 707       DARMEX     DARMEX 111       PEERLO-CANADA     PEERLESS LLG       DOLLUM BRB     DOLUM BRB		<b>Type of Grease</b> A high grade ball or roller bearing grease should be used. Recommended grease for standard service conditions is <b>Polyrex EM (Exxon Mobil)</b> . Do not mix greases unless compatibility has been checked and verified.	<b>L Bearings</b> Bearing grease will lose its lubricating ability over time, not suddenly. The lubricating ability of a grease (over time) depends primarily on the type of grease, the size of the bearing, the speed at which the bearing operates and the severity of the operating conditions. Good results can be obtained if the following recommendations are used in your maintenance program.	Perform a dielectric with stand test periodically to ensure that the integrity of the winding insulation has been maintained. Record the readings. Immediately investigate any significant decrease in insulation resistance. Check all electrical connectors to be sure that they are tight.	Check that the motor is clean. Check that the interior and exterior of the motor is free of dirt, oil, grease, water, etc. Oily vapor, paper pulp, textile lint, etc. can accumulate and block motor ventilation. If the motor is not properly ventilated, overheating can occur and cause early motor failure.	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere. General Inspection Inspect the motor at regular intervals, approximately every 500 hours of operation or every 3 months, whichever occurs first. Keep the motor clean and the ventilation openings clear. The following steps should be performed at each inspection:	UL and EX Listed motors must only be serviced by UL or EX Approved Authorized Baldor Service

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# Refer to additional information contained in Tables 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5.

Table 3-2 Relubrication Intervals \*

			Rated Sp	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	10000	6000	3600	1800	1200	006
Up to 210 incl. (132)	*	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		*	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		**	* 2200 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 449 incl. (315)		**	*2200 Hrs. 3500 Hrs.	3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.

\*

Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings. For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.

For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations.

# Table 3-3 Service Conditions

Severity of Service Hours per day	Hours per day	Ambient Temperature	Atmospheric
,	of Operation	Maximum	Contamination
Standard	8	40° C	Clean, Little Corrosion
Severe	16 Plus	50° C	Moderate dirt, Corrosion
Extreme	16 Plus	>50° C* or	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion, Heavy
-		8	
Low Temperature		<-29° C *	

× not mix with other grease types. Thoroughly clean bearing & cavity before adding grease. Special high temperature grease is recommended (Dow Corning DC44). Note that Dow Corning DC44 grease does

\*

Special low temperature grease is recommended (Aeroshell 7).

# Table 3-4 Relubrication Interval Multiplier

Severity of Service	
Sev	

1.0	Low Temperature
0.1	Extreme
0.5	Severe
1.0	Standard
Multiplier	Severity of Service

Some motor designs use different bearings on each motor end. This is normally indicated on the motor nameplate. In this case, the larger bearing is installed on the motor Drive endplate. For best relubrication results, only use the appropriate amount of grease for each bearing size (not the same for both).

Maintenance
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Troubleshooting 3-3

	Table 3-5 Be	Table 3-5 Bearings Sizes and Types		
	(These are t	Bearing Description (These are the "Large" bearings (Shaft End) in each frame size)	iption aft End) in eac	h frame size)
	Daaring	Weight of Grease to	Volume o	Volume of grease
		oz (Grams)	in <sup>3</sup>	teaspoon
56 to 140 (90)	6203	0.08 (2.4)	0.15	0.5
140 (90)	6205	0.15 (3.9)	0.2	0.8
180 (100–112)	6206	0.19 (5.0)	0.3	1.0
210 (132)	6307	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
250 (160)	6309	0.47 (12.5)	0.7	2.5
280 (180)	6311	0.61 (17)	1.2	3.9
320 (200)	6312	0.76 (20.1)	1.2	4.0
360 (225)	6313	0.81 (23)	1.5	5.2
400 (250)	6316	1.25 (33)	2.0	6.6
440 (280)	6319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	6328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	NU328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
360 to 449 (225-280)	NU319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
AC Induction Servo				
76 Frame 180 (112)	6207	0.22 (6.1)	0.44	1.4
77 Frame 210 (132)	6210	0.32 (9.0)	0.64	2.1
80 Frame 250(160)	6213	0.49 (14.0)	0.99	3.3
* Weight in grams = .005 DB of grease to be added	se to be added			
	-			

Note: Not all bearing sizes are listed. For intermediate bearing sizes, use the grease volume for the next larger size bearing.

Caution:	Caution: To avoid damage to motor bearings, grease must be kept free of dirt. For an extremely dirty environment, contact your Baldor distributor or an authorized Baldor Service Center for additional information.
Relubricati	Relubrication Procedure Be sure that the grease you are adding to the motor is compatible with the grease already in the motor. Consult your Baldor distributor or an authorized service center if a grease other than the recommended type is to be used.
Caution:	Caution: Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.
	With Grease Outlet Plug
	<ol> <li>With the motor stopped, clean all grease fittings with a clean cloth.</li> <li>Remove grease outlet plug.</li> </ol>
Caution:	Over–lubricating can cause excessive bearing temperatures, premature lubrication breakdown and bearing failure.
	3. Add the recommended amount of grease.
	<ol> <li>Operate the motor for 15 minutes with grease plug removed. This allows excess grease to purge.</li> </ol>
	5. Re-install grease outlet plug.
	Without Grease Provisions
	Note: Only a Baldor authorized and UL or CSA certified service center can disassemble a UL/CSA listed explosion proof motor to maintain it's UL/CSA listing.
	1. Disassemble the motor.
	2. Add recommended amount of grease to bearing and bearing cavity. (Bearing should be about 1/3

ω Assemble the motor. full of grease and outboard bearing cavity should be about 1/2 full of grease.)

# Sample Relubrication Determination

- Assume NEMA 286T (IEC 180), 1750 RPM motor driving an exhaust fan in an ambient temperature of 43° C and the atmosphere is moderately corrosive.
- . \* Table 3-2 list 9500 hours for standard conditions.

- Table 3-3 classifies severity of service as "Severe".
   Table 3-5 shows that 1.2 in<sup>3</sup> or 3.9 teaspoon of grease is to be added.
   Note: Smaller bearings in size category may require reduced amounts of grease.

Maintenance
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3-5

Symptom	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Motor will not start	Usually caused by line trouble, such as, single phasing at the starter.	Check source of power. Check overloads, fuses, controls, etc.
Excessive humming	High Voltage.	Check input line connections.
	Eccentric air gap.	Have motor serviced at local Baldor service center.
Motor Over Heating	Overload. Compare actual amps (measured) with nameplate rating.	Locate and remove source of excessive friction in motor or load. Reduce load or replace with motor of greater capacity.
	Single Phasing.	Check current at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Improper ventilation.	Check external cooling fan to be sure air is moving properly across cooling fins. Excessive dirt build-up on motor. Clean motor.
	Unbalanced voltage.	Check voltage at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Rotor rubbing on stator.	Check air gap clearance and bearings.
	Over voltage or under voltage.	Check input voltage at each phase to motor.
	Open stator winding.	Check stator resistance at all three phases for balance.
	Grounded winding.	Perform dielectric test and repair as required.
	Improper connections.	Inspect all electrical connections for proper termination, clearance, mechanical strength and electrical continuity. Refer to motor lead connection diagram.
Bearing Over Heating	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Excessive belt tension.	Reduce belt tension to proper point for load.
	Excessive end thrust.	Bemove groace until covity is approximately 3/ filled
	Insufficient grease in bearing.	Add grease until cavity is approximately 3/4 filled.
	Dirt in bearing.	Clean bearing cavity and bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately $s_4$ filled.
Vibration	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Rubbing between rotating parts and stationary parts.	Isolate and eliminate cause of rubbing.
	Rotor out of balance.	Have rotor balance checked are repaired at your Baldor Service Center.
	Resonance.	Tune system or contact your Baldor Service Center for assistance.
Noise	Foreign material in air gap or ventilation openings.	Remove rotor and foreign material. Reinstall rotor. Check insulation integrity. Clean ventilation openings.
Growling or whining	Bad bearing.	Replace bearing. Clean all grease from cavity and new bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately $^{3}_{4}$ filled.

Table 3-6 Troubleshooting Chart

Contact	- Texaco Polystar - Mobilith SHC-10 - Darmex 707	Note: * Greases t	High Temperature**	Standard*	Oil or Grease	Bearing Type	Note: •v	to 1.15 S.F.			Cla Motor Load	Suggested bearing and Most larg (80°C) te this low t used as The follo RTD alan specific a If the drin the alarm The temp specified or roller t
Contact Baldor application engineering for special lubricants or further clarifications.	- Texaco Polystar - Rykon Prem - Mobilith SHC-100 - Pennzoil Pe - Darmex 707 - Darmex 711	Note: * Bearing temperature limits are for standard design motors operating at Class B temperature rise. ** High temperature lubricants include some special synthetic oils and greases. Greases that may be substituted that are compatible with Polyrex EM (but considered as "standard" lubricants) include the following:	110	95	Alarm	Anti-Friction	<ul> <li>Winding RTDs are factory production installed, not from Mod-Express.</li> <li>When Class H temperatures are used, consider bearing temperatures and relubrication requirements</li> <li>Bearing RTDs – Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)</li> </ul>	140		3	Class B Temp Rise ≤ 80°C (Typical Design)	Suggested bearing and winding RTD setting guidelines for Non-Hazardous Locations ONLY         Most large frame AC Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed to operate below a Class B (80°C) temperature rise at rated load and are built with a Class H winding insulation system. Based on this low temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings for Class B rise should be used as a starting point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F temperature rise. The following tables show the suggested alarm and trip settings for RTDs. Proper bearing and winding RTD alarm and trip settings should be selected based on these tables unless otherwise specified for specific applications.         If the driven load is found to operate well below the initial temperature settings under normal conditions, the alarm and trip settings may be reduced so that an abnormal machine load will be identified.         The temperature limits are based on the installation of the winding RTDs imbedded in the winding as specified by NEMA. Bearing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race on ball or roller bearings or in direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell.         Winding RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)
ering for special lubric	- Rykon Premium #2 - - Pennzoil Pennzlube EM-2 - - Darmex 711 -	are for standard design m include some special sy are compatible with Poly	115	100	Trip	ction	ing RTDs are factory production installed, not from Mod-Express. n Class H temperatures are used, consider bearing temperatures and r Bearing RTDs – Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)	-00	160	Alarm	Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C	nding RTD setting guidelines for Non-Hazardous Locations ame AC Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed t erature rise at rated load and are built with a Class H winding ins perature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings arting point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F tr g tables show the suggested alarm and trip settings for RTDs. P ind trip settings should be selected based on these tables unless ications. Ioad is found to operate well below the initial temperature setting d trip settings may be reduced so that an abnormal machine load is found to operate well below the initial temperature setting d trip settings may be reduced so that an abnormal machine load ings or in direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. Winding RTDs – Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)
ants or further clar	<ul> <li>Chevron SRI #2</li> <li>Chevron Black Pearl</li> <li>Petro-Canada Peerless LLG</li> </ul>	otors operating at C nthetic oils and gre <i>ɛ</i> ex EM (but conside	105	85	Alarm		m Mod-Express. ng temperatures and Maximum Ambiei		105	Trip	;e ≤ 105°C	rardous Location factor are designe Class H winding i Detectors) setting actor have Class I settings for RTDs. In these tables unle normal machine lu normal
ifications.	rl rless LLG	lass B temperature tses. red as "standard" li				Sleeve	d relubrication requ		100	Alarm	Class H Temp Rise ≤ 125°C	<b>IS ONLY</b> d to operate below a Class B insulation system. Based on s for Class B rise should be temperature rise. Proper bearing and winding ses otherwise specified for ses otherwise specified for ngs under normal conditions oad will be identified. mbedded in the winding as act with the outer race on ball <b>nt</b>
		e rise. ubricants)	110	95	Trip		irements.	ġ	10F C81	Trip	se ≤ 125°C	w a Class B 1. Based on e should be ie. and winding acified for fied. fied. rinding as race on ball

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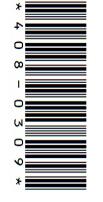
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Safety Notice Be sure to read and understand all of the Safety Notice statements in MN408. A copy is available http://www.baldor.com/support/literature\_load.asp?ManNumber=MN408 at

## ACCEPTANCE

Thoroughly inspect this equipment before accepting shipment from the transportation company. If any damage shortage is discovered do not accept until noted on the freight bill. Report all damage to the freight carrier. SAFETY 9

Eye bolts, lifting lugs or lifting openings, if provided, are intended only for lifting the motor and motor mounted standard accessories not exceeding, in total 30% of the motor weight. These lifting provisions should never be used when lifting or handling the motor and driven equipment. Eye bolt lifting capacity rating is based on a lifting alignment coincident with eye bolt center line. Eye bolt capacity reduces as deviation from this alignment is increased. Be sure eye bolts are tight and prevented from turning before

lifting

# INSTALLATION OUTSIDE THE USA:

Refer to MN408 and MN1383 for Compliance with European Directives. Copies are available at:

# MOTOR ENCLOSURE ODP, Open drip proof motors are intended for use in clean http://www.baldor.com/support/literature\_load.asp

combustible materials. Open motors can emit flame and/or molten metal in the event of insulation failure. dry locations with adequate supply of cooling air. These motors should not be used in the presence of flammable or

indoor and outdoor locations. moisture, dirf and/or corrosive materials are present in TEFC, totally enclosed motors are intended for use where

**Explosion protected** motors, as indicated by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Certification mark and marking with Class, Division and Temperature Code are intended for installation in hazardous locations as described in Article 500 of the NEC. Refer to MN408 for more details.

# MOUNTING

Foot mounted machines should be mounted to a rigid foundation to prevent excessive vibration. Shims may be used if location is uneven. Flange mounted machines should be properly seated and aligned. Note: If improper rotation direction is detrimental to the load, check rotation direction prior to coupling the load to the motor shaft.

premature bearing failure or shaft breakage. **Direct coupled** machines should be carefully aligned and the shaft should rotate freely without binding. For V-belt drive, mount the sheave pulley close to the motor housing. Allow clearance for end to end movement of the motor shaft. Do not overtighten belts as this may cause

by United States Government including special specifications, master plans, etc. refer to the applicable protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or applicable local codes. Special motors for use GENERAL The user must select a motor starter and overcurrent master plans and specifications involved lectric

the shaft block must be installed to prevent axial movement reshipped alone or installed to another piece of equipment remove blocking before operating the motor. If motor is to be On motors received from the factory with the shaft blocked, prevent brinelling of the bearings during shipment

MN416

### **ESTING**

Depending on storage conditions it may be necessary to regrease or change rusted bearings. Contact Baldor District Office if resistance is less than 5 meg ohms. If the motor has been in storage for an extensive period or has been subjected to adverse moisture conditions, check the motor insulation resistance with a meg ohm meter.

# WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.

WARNING: Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.

## INSTALLATION

This motor must be installed Electric Code, NEMA MG-2, WIRING in accordance with National IEC standards and local codes

Connect the motor as shown in the connection diagrams. If this motor is installed as part of a motor control drive system, connect and protect the motor according to the control manufacturers diagrams. Refer to MN408 for additional details on lead marking. The wiring, fusing and grounding must comply with the National Electrical Code or IEC and local codes. When the motor is connected to the load for proper direction of rotation and started, it should start quickly and run smoothly. If not, stop the motor immediately and operation and compare the measured current with the motor, motor connections are not correct or the load is heavy. Check the motor current after a few minutes of determine the cause. Possible causes are: low voltage at the nameplate rating. is too

there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between the ground point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non–USA locations **GROUNDING** Ground the motor according to NEC and local codes. In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the installer should make certain that consult the appropriate national or local code ADJUSTMENT applicable.

have no adjustable parts. The neutral is adjustable on some DC motors. AC motors

## Noise

For specific sound power or pressure level information, contact your local Baldor representative.

This motor is balanced to NEMA MG1, Part 7 standard VIBRATION

**BRUSHES (DC Motors)** Periodically, the brushes should be inspected and all brush dust blown out of the motor. If a brush is worn  $1/_2$ , (length specified in renewal parts data), replace the brushes. Reassemble and seat the new brushes using a brush seating stone. Be sure the rocker arm is set on the neutra

## INSPECTION

Before connecting the motor to an electrical supply, inspect for any damage resulting from shipment. Turn the shaft by hand to ensure free rotation. Motor leads must be isolated before the shaft will turn freely on permanent magnet motors. DRAIN PLUGS

motor has special stainless steel drains). All dra located in the lowest portion of the ends shields. non-ventilated motors, the plugs in the lowest portion of the ends shields should be removed for operation (unless the each endplate for various motor mounting configurations. Condensation drain plugs are provided at four points on For Washdown and totally enclosed, fan cooled or All drains are

## MOUNTING

Mount the motor on a foundation sufficiently rigid to prevent excessive vibration. Grease lubricated ball bearing motors may be mounted with the feet at any angle. After careful alignment, bolt motor securely in place. Use shim to fill any unevenness in the foundation. Motor feet should sit solidly on the foundation before mounting bolts are tightened.

7 **7** (Ingress Protection)

IP designations include two numerals, the first characteristic numeral is for ingress solid bodies and from dust. The second for ingress protection from liquid – water. Motors marked less than IP23 require additional protection from water.

### GUARDING

After motor installation is complete, a guard of suitable dimensions must be constructed and installed around the motor/gearmotor. This guard must prevent personnel from coming in contact with any moving parts of the motor or drive assembly but must allow sufficient cooling air to pass over the motor.

If a motor mounted brake is installed, provide proper safeguards for personnel in case of brake failure. plates or lids, must be installed before operating the motor. Brush inspection plates and electrical connection cover

## STARTING

Before starting motor remove all unused shaft keys and loose rotating parts to prevent them from flying off. Check direction of rotation before coupling motor to load. The motor should start quickly and run smoothly and with little noise. If the motor should fail to start the load may be too great for the motor, the voltage is low or the motor has been miswired. In any case immediately shut motor off and investigate the cause.

**ROTATION** To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lockout power and interchange any two of the three AC power leads for three phase motors. For two-phase four wire, disconnect and lockout power and interchange the AC line leads on any one phase. For two phase three wire, disconnect and lockout norwer and interchange phase one and phase two AC line

# Maintenance Procedures

- WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause
- WARNING: serious or fatal injury. Surface temperatures of motor enclosures accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. Protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this discomfort or injury to personnel may reach temperatures which can cause precaution could result in bodily injury.

# Lubrication Information

lubricated at the factory. Motors that do not have regrease capability are factory lubricated for the normal life of the bearings. Washdown motors can not be lubricated. This is a ball or roller bearing motor. The bearings have beer

#### Lubricant

Polyrex EM unless stated on nameplate. Do not mix lubricants due to possible incompatibility. Look for signs of lubricant incompatibility, such as extreme soupiness visible from the grease relief area. If other greases are preferred, check with local Baldor representative for recommendations. Baldor motors are pregreased, normally with Mobil

# capability) Relubrication Intervals (For motors with regrease

New motors that have been stored for a year or more should be relubricated. Lubrication is also recommended at these intervals.

# LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

!∾ <u>-</u>+ motor to prevent grease contamination. contamination. Properly clean the grease inlet area of the Cleanliness is important in lubrication. Any grease used to lubricate anti friction bearings should be fresh and free from service condition from Table 1

Select service condition from Table Select lubrication frequency from Table N

# LUBRICATION PROCEDURE

is warm. Bearings should be lubricated while stationary and the motor

- 1. Locate the grease inlet, clean the area, and replace the
- pipe plug with a grease fitting. Locate and remove the grease drain plug, if provided. Add the recommended volume of recommended lubricant
- ωin until clean grease appears at the grease drain, at the grease relief, or along the shaft opening. Replace the grease inlet plug and run the motor for two
- 4 Jours
- ъ Replace the grease drain plug

**SPECIAL APPLICATIONS** For special temperature applications, consult your Baldor District Office.

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Installation & Maintenance

Installation 8	
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1		Table 1 Ser	Table 1 Service Conditions	
	Severity of Service	Ambient Temperature Maximum	Atmospheric Contamination	Type of Bearing
-	Standard	40° C	Clean, Little Corrosion	Deep Groove Ball Bearing
-	Severe	50° C	Moderate dirt, Corrosion	Ball Thrust, Roller
-	Extreme	$>50^{\circ}$ C* or Class H Insulation	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion	All Bearings
-	Low Temperature	<-30° C **		
*	Special high temperature	grease is recommended. ** Special	Special high temperature grease is recommended. ** Special low temperature grease is recommended.	

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Tab
ble 2
Lubricatio
on Freq
uency
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Bearings)

			Rated Speed - RPM	ed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	10000	6000	3600	1800	1200	900
Up to 210 incl. (132)	*	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		**	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		*	* 2200 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)		**	*2200 Hrs.	3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.

Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings. For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2. For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations.

\* \*

plier

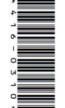
1.0	Low Temperature
0.1	Extreme
0.5	Severe
1.0	Standard
Multiplier	Severity of Service

Table 4 Amount of Grease to Add

		Bearing L	escription	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	each frame siz	ze)
Frame Size NEMA (IEC)	Bearing OD	DOD	Width	Weight of grease to add	Volume of grease to add	ne of grease to add
	,			ounce (gram)	inches <sup>3</sup>	teaspoon
Up to 210 incl. (132)	6307	08	21	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	6311	120	29	0.61 (17.4)	1.2	3.9
Over 280 to 360 incl. (200)	6313	140	33	0.81 (23.1)	1.5	5.2
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	NU322	240	50	2.12 (60.0)	4.1	13.4
Weight in grams = 0.005 DB						



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Refer to the connection diagram provided on the Baldor motor.	Armature A1, A2 Series Field S2, S2 Shunt Field F1, F2	DC Motors Lead markings can be translated between IEC and NEMA designations as follows: NEMA IEC	Single Phase Non-Reversible Refer to the connection diagram provided on the Baldor motor. U1(T1) U2(T4) Single Phase Reversible Main U1(T1) U1(T1) Main U2(T4) Dual Voltage Reversible U1(T1) Main U2(T2) U1(T1) U1(T1) U1(T1) U2(T4) U1(T1) Auxiliary Winding U2(T2) Main U1(T1) U1(T1) Auxiliary Winding U2(T2) Auxiliary Winding U2(T2) Auxiliary Winding U2(T4) Main U1(T1) U1(T1) Auxiliary Winding U1(T1) Auxiliary Winding
provided on the Baldor motor.	A1, A2 D1, D2 E1, E2	between IEC and NEMA	Typical IEC vs NEMA Lead Marking Three Phase         n provided on the Baldor motor.       For single windin directly translated For these motors U1=T1 U2=T4 V1=T3 W2=T5 Auxiliary Winding         Z1(T8)       Z2(T5)         Auxiliary Winding       Refer to the conn Some examples: U1(T8)         Z1(T8)       Z2(T5)         MYE Connection         Auxiliary Winding         W(T3)         V(T2)
• W2(T6) • U2(T4) • V2(T5) • U1(T1) • V1(T2) • W1(T3)	Dia	DELTA-WYE Connection Six Leads U1(T1) U2(T4) W2(T6) V2(T5) W17	are thou
U <sub>1</sub> (T1) V <sub>1</sub> (T2) W <sub>1</sub> (T3)	W2(T6) 1)2(T4) V2(T5)	ads WYE-DELTA Connection W2(T6) • U1(T1)	phase motors, lead markings can be etween IEC and NEMA designations. le lead markings are: U3=T7 U4=T10 W3=T9 W4=T12 w3=T9 W4=T12 tion diagram provided on the Baldor motor. as follows: DELTA Connection Wiring Diagram U(T1) V(T2) U(T1) V(T2) W(T3) W(T3) V(T2) Line 1 Line 2 Line 3

Line 1 Line 2 Line 3 Low Volts/Run

Line 1

Líne 2 Líne 3 High Volts/Start